

The **HR-AFM** is an advanced, yet affordable AFM for researchers that need the **highest resolution** scanning capabilities.

The HR is ideal for researchers that want to visualize and measure sub-nanometer surface features

HR-AFM

ADVANCED FEATURES

- Less than 35 picometers of Z noise Measure images of sub-nanometer surface features
- Top-view and side-view video optics
 Facilitate locating features and probe approach
- Choice of three interchangeable scanners Select a scanner for your specific application

28 bit XY scanning

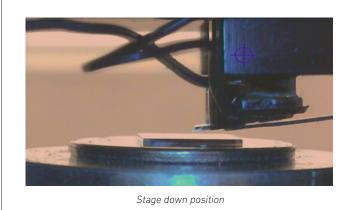
Maximal dynamic range with highest resolution



Sample Sizes	Up to 1" 1 × 1" × ½"		
Standard Scanning Modes	Vibrating (tapping), Non-vibrating (contact), Phase, LFM		
Additional Scanning Modes	Magnetic force microscopy, Electrical force microscopy, advanced force-distance, conducting AFM, scanning tunneling microscopy, liquid scanning		
Video Optical Microscopes	Research grade top-view for locating features Side-view for facilitating probe approach		
Stage Configurations	2 stage configurations available(1 motor and 4 motor)		
Data Station	Core i7 PC with dual 24" monitors		
AFM Control Software	LabView environment with advanced features		



The rapid approach control allows moving the probe from within a few tens of microns from the surface to a mm away in less than a second. Below is a side-view video optical microscope view of the rapid approach control in the "stage down" and "stage up" positions.



 Frage up position



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STAGE CONTINUED...

Rigid Kinematic Design:	The kinematic design for the stage support of the light lever force sensor is extremely rigid so the AFM is less susceptible to external vibrations.			
Light Lever AFM Force Sensor:	Light lever force sensors are used in almost all AFM instruments and permit the widest range of experiments.			
Probe Approach:	The HR-AFM can be upgraded to a 4 motor design for direct probe approach.			
Small Footprint:	The stage dimensions of $10^{"} \times 10^{"}$ require little space and fit easily on a tabletop.			
Precision XY Stage with Micrometer:	The sample is moved relative to the probe with a precision XY micrometer stage. Thus, the sample can be moved precisely without touching it.			
Modes Electric Plug:	A six pole electrical plug is located at the back of the stage to expand the capabilities of the HR-AFM.			
XYZ Precision Piezo Scanner:	The modified tripod design utilizes temperature compensated strain gauges which assure accurate measurements from images. Also, with this design it is possible to rapidly and accurately zoom into features.			
Laser/Detector Alignment:	Both the light lever laser and the photo detector adjustment mechanism may be directly viewed. This feature greatly simplifies the laser/detector alignment compared to other commercial AFMs.			
Adaptable Sample Holder:	At the top of the XYZ scanner is a removable cap that holds the sample. The cap can be modified - or a new cap can be designed – to hold many types of samples.			

The rear of the electronics box allows access to all the signals in the HR-AFM.



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Signals I/O

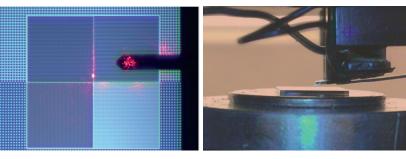


VIDEO OPTICAL MICROSCOPES

From the top the **HR-AFM** has research grade optics with a 5 MP video camera and a 7:1 mechanical zoom optic. This top view optic is helpful for aligning the light lever laser, locating surface features for scanning, and probe approach. The resolution of the top view optic is <2 microns.

HR-AFM LIGHT LEVER FORCE SENSOR

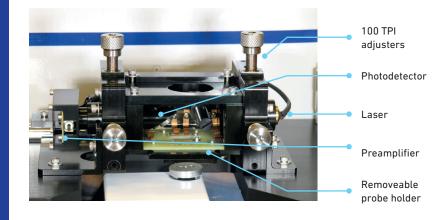
The **HR-AFM** uses the industry standard light lever force sensor. In the light lever, a laser beam is focused on the back side of a microscopic cantilever, the light is then reflected from cantilever onto a 4 guadrant photodiode.



Top-view optic

Side-view optic

Side view optics are used for monitoring the tip sample angle, and facilitating probe approach. These optics are helpful with transparent samples, highly reflective samples, and samples that do not reflect light.



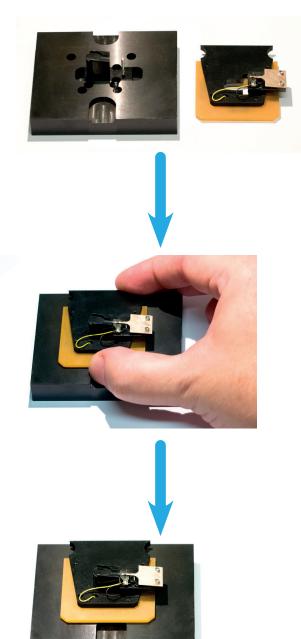
Two 100 thread per inch adjustment knobs are used for adjusting both the laser and the photodetector +/-1.5mm. This large adjustment range give maximum flexibility so that a large range of cantilevers can be used. The probe is held with a removable holder, so that changing a probe requires less than a minute. With AFMWorkshop's proprietary probe holder design, after changing the probe, only minor adjustments are required.

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PROBE EXCHANGE



One of the key design features of the HR-AFM is a unique probe exchange tool. With the tool, changing probes can take less than a minute. The steps for changing a probe are:

-) Remove the probe holder from the light lever
- Place the probe holder on the exchange tool



2

4

Place the probe holder in the light lever

Because of the unique design, when the probe is replaced, there is almost no need for further adjustment of the light lever.....it's that easy.



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EBOX

Electronics in the **HR-AFM** are constructed around industry standard USB data acquisition electronics. The critical functions, such as XY scanning, are optimized with 24 bit digital to analog converter combined with 4 bits of gain. With the analog Z feedback loop, the highest fidelity scanning is possible. Vibrating mode scanning is possible with both phase and amplitude feedback using the high sensitivity phase detection electronics.

28-bit Scanning

With 28-bit scanning, the highest resolution AFM images may be measured. Feedback control using the XY strain gauges assures accurate tracking of the probe over the surface.

Phase and Amplitude Detector Circuit

Phase and amplitude in the Ebox are measured with highly stable phase and amplitude chips. The system can display phase data while using amplitude for feedback when scanning in vibrating mode.

Signal Accessible

At the rear of the Ebox is a 50 pin ribbon cable that gives access to all of the primary electronic signals without having to open the Ebox.

Status Lights

At the front of the Ebox is a light panel that has seven lights. In the unlikely event of a circuit failure, these lights are used for determining the status of Ebox power supplies.

Precision Analog Feedback

Feedback from the light lever force sensor to the Z piezoceramic is made using a precision analog feedback circuit. The position of the probe may be fixed in a vertical direction with a sample-and-hold circuit.

Variable Gain High Voltage Piezo Drivers

An improved signal to noise ratio as well as extremely small scan ranges are possible with the variable gain high voltage piezo drivers.

- Microprocessor for scan generation through 24-bit DAC's
- Low noise, variable gain high voltage amplifiers with PID feedback for XY scanning
- Dimensions: Width 6" | Height 10" | Depth 14"
 - High fidelity, low noise Z feedback circuits for accurate probe tracking
 - Phase and amplitude detection circuits for vibrating mode AFM
 - Industry-standard National Instruments USB data acquisition board
- Internally accessible header for signal input/output
- Eight channels of ADC for monitoring and displaying data with LabVIEW™ software



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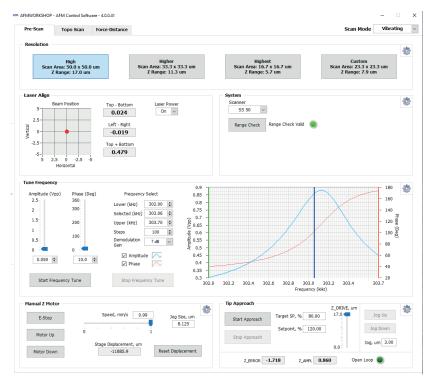
AFM CONTROL SOFTWARE

Software for acquiring images is designed with the industry standard LabVIEW[™] programming visual interface instrument design environment. There are many standard functions, including setting scanning parameters, probe approach, frequency tuning, and displaying images in real time.

LabVIEW[™] facilitates rapid development for those users seeking to enhance the software with additional special features. LabVIEW also enables the **HR-AFM** to be readily combined with any other instrument using LabVIEW.

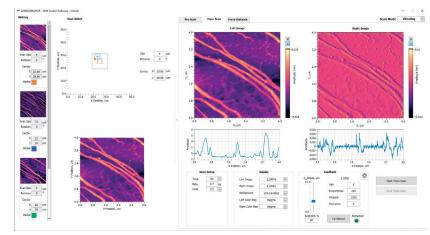
Pre-Scan Tab

All of the functions required before making a scan are on the pre-scan tab. This includes selecting the scan mode, visual laser alignment, frequency scan, and automatic tip approach.



Topo Scan Tab

Images are acquired using the Topo Scan tab. Parameters selected on the scanning tab include the scan size, scan rate, GPID parameters, and the color scale used for displaying images. Included with the scanning tab is an image buffer capability that facilitates rapid zooming in and out.





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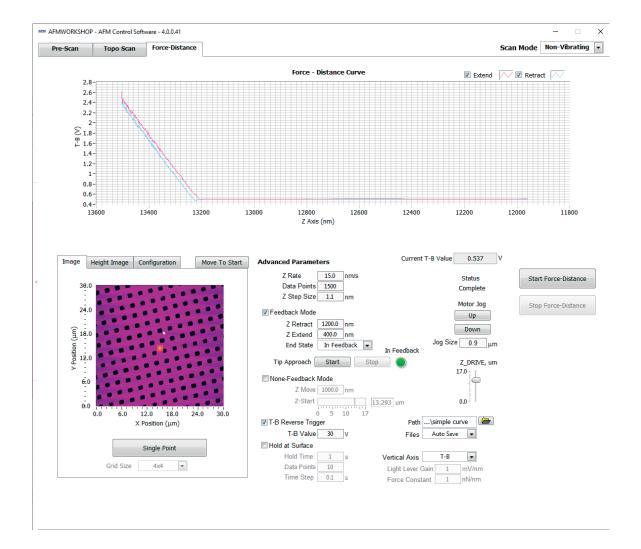




Modes Tabs

Software control for optional modes such as MFM, EFM, and advanced F/D are found in the modes tabs. The example shown here is of the advanced F/D mode tab. This allows fine control of all the parameters controlling acquisition of force-distance curves, as well as acquisition of F-D curve maps.

Mapping of curves in this way allows the user to locate and visualize regions of the sample with differing properties, such as presence of specific molecules, or mechanical properties.



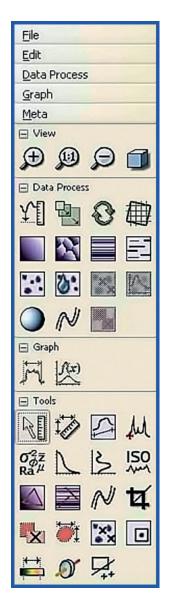


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IMAGE ANALYSIS SOFTWARE

Included with the **HR-AFM** is Gwyddion open source SPM image analysis software. This complete image analysis package has all the software functions necessary to process, analyze, and display SPM images.



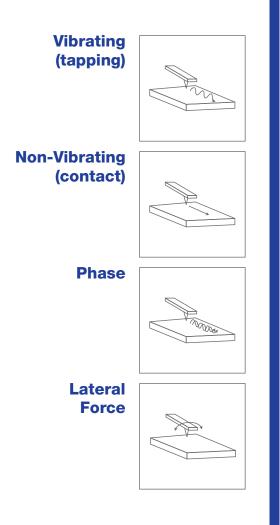
- » Visualization: false color representation with different types of mapping
- » Shaded, logarithmic, gradient- and edge-detected, local contrast representation, and Canny lines
- » OpenGL 3D data display: false color or material representation
- » Easily editable color maps and OpenGL materials
- » Basic operations: rotation, flipping, inversion, data arithmetic, crop, and resampling
- » Leveling: plane leveling, profiles leveling, three-point leveling, facet leveling, polynomial background removal, and leveling along user-defined lines
- » Value reading, distance, and angle measurement
- » Profiles: profile extraction, measuring distances in profile graph, and profile export
- » Filtering: mean, median, conservative denoise, Kuwahara, minimum, maximum, and checker pattern removal
- » General convolution filter with user-defined kernel
- » Statistical functions: Ra, RMS, projected and surface area, inclination, histograms, 1D and 2D correlation functions, PSDF, 1D and 2D angular distributions, Minkowski functionals, and facet orientation analysis
- » Statistical quantities calculated from area under arbitrary mask
- » Row/column statistical quantities plots
- » ISO roughness parameter evaluation
- » Grains: threshold marking and un-marking, and watershed marking
- » Grain statistics: overall and distributions of size, height, area, volume, boundary length, and bounding dimensions
- » Integral transforms: 2D FFT, 2D continuous wavelet transform (CWT), 2D discrete wavelet transform (DWT), and wavelet anisotropy detection
- » Fractal dimension analysis
- » Data correction: spot remove, outlier marking, scar marking, and several line correction methods (median, modus)
- » Removal of data under arbitrary mask using Laplace or fractal interpolation
- » Automatic XY plane rotation correction
- » Arbitrary polynomial deformation on XY plane
- » 1D and 2D FFT filtering
- » Fast scan axis drift correction
- » Mask editing: adding, removing or intersecting with rectangles and ellipses, inversion, extraction, expansion, and shrinking
- » Simple graph function fitting, and critical dimension determination
- » Force-distance curve fitting
- » Axes scale calibration
- » Merging and immersion of images
- » Tip modeling, blind estimation, dilation, and erosion



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SCANNING MODES



The **HR-AFM** includes the MOST COMMONLY USED AFM MODES. They are:

- Vibrating mode imaging is the most commonly used mode for measuring topography images with an AFM. In vibrating mode the vibration amplitude of the probe is held constant during a scan.
 Adjustable parameters include the vibrating frequency, amplitude of vibration, and the amount of dampening of the vibrating probe.
- In non-vibrating mode, commonly called contact mode, the deflection of a cantilever is held constant during scanning. This mode is often used for scanning in liquids and is also used for measuring force-distance curves.
- Phase mode images are measured in vibrating mode and are useful for identifying different areas of hardness on a surface. The technique operates by measuring the phase change caused by differing materials on a surface while scanning.
- Lateral force mode measures the local friction a probe senses as it is scanned across a surface. The friction can be caused by surface texture and differing chemical composition.

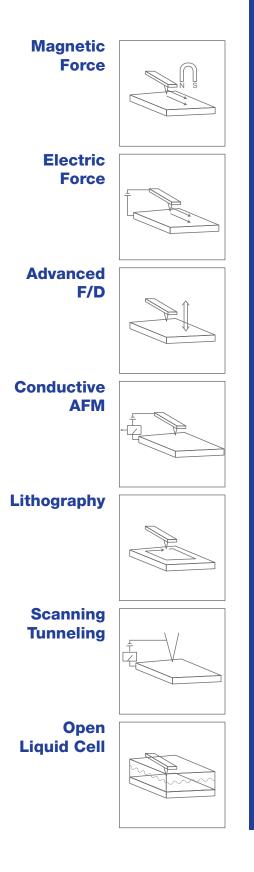


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SCANNING MODES

CONTINUED...



OPTIONAL MODES that can be purchased with the **HR-AFM** include:

- Measures surface magnetic field by incorporating a magnetic probe into the AFM. MFM is used to generate images of magnetic fields on a surface, and is particularly useful in the development of magnetic recording technology. Magnetic fields associated with individual magnetic nanoparticles can also be revealed through MFM.
- Electrostatic Force Microscopy (EFM) is a type of dynamic non-contact atomic force microscopy where the electrostatic force is probed.
 "Dynamic" here means that the cantilever is oscillating and does not make contact with the sample. This force arises due to the attraction or repulsion of separated charges.
- Force-distance curves measure the deflection of a cantilever as it interacts with a surface. Force-Distance measurements monitor such surface parameters as: adhesion, stiffness, compliance, viscoelasticity, and surface layer thickness. This advanced AFM module is flexible and enables many types of experiments.
- The C-AFM measures topography and conductivity images simultaneously. This option allows measuring current-voltage (I/V) curves at specific locations on a surface. This can be highly useful in development of microelectronics,
- This NanoLithography software option enables the AFM probe to alter the physical or chemical properties of the surface. Created in LabVIEW and integrated with the AFM Control software. This software allows the customer to design their own nanolithographic patterns to be written to the sample surface. VI's are available to customers who want to modify the software and create new capabilities.
- In the STM, the current flow between a metal probe and a sample are used to control the distance between the conductive probe and conductive surface. When the probe is scanned across the surface, if the current between the probe and surface are held constant with a feedback control loop driving a piezo ceramic, the topography of the sample's surface in measured. This also allows measurement of localized I/V curves,
- This option includes a special probe holder and open liquid cell for scanning samples submerged in liquids. The open liquid cell can directly replace the HR-AFM probe and sample holder.

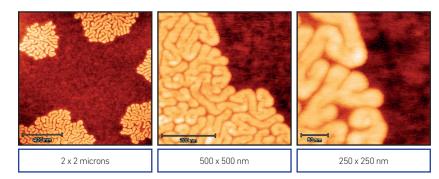


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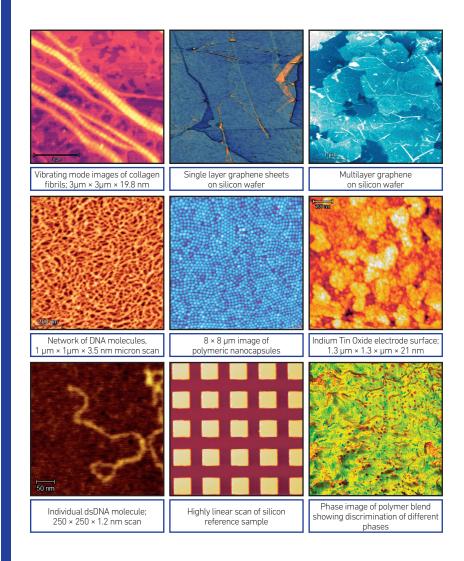


EXAMPLE IMAGES

The true measure of an AFM is the quality of images it measures. With a noise floor of less than 35 picometers, and 28 bit scanning resolution, the **HR-AFM** is capable of measuring the highest resolution images on many types of samples including: polymers, 2-D samples, crystals, ceramics, biomolecules, biomaterials, and semiconductors.



Vibrating mode image of F10H20 measured with a 50 x 50 x 17 micron scanner.





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HR-AFM OPTIONS

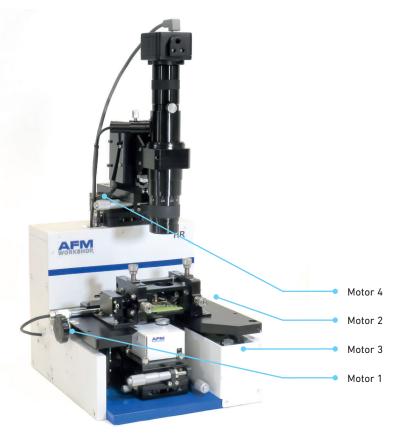
In the **HR-AFM** with direct drive option, three motors are used to translate the plate that supports the light lever force sensor. When the probe approaches the surface, it moves directly onto the features viewed in the tip view optical microscope.

The fourth motor controls the focus of the top view optical microscope. If all four motors are activated at the same time, the top view video optical micrscope will remain focused on the probe as it approaches the surface.

Direct Drive Option

There are several benefits to the the 4 motor option for the HR-AFM. These include:

- » Allows direct drive tip approach.
- » Motorized control of probe sample angle
- » Focusing on the probe during tip approach
- » Sample to Probe focus with software control



Q-Box

The AFMWorkshop Q-Box filters both structural and acoustic vibrations and assures the highest resolution images. The Q-Box, constructed from high density polyethylene has high density foam for filtering sound and a floating platform for filtering structural vibrations.





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HR-AFM OPTIONS

C	The HR-AFM has a number of options to enhance its performance and expand its capabilities. These options may be purchased with a new AFM or at any time after the original purchase.			
Direct Drive	The 4 motor option allow a direct drive probe approach as well as motorized focus of the top view optical microscope.			
Q-Box	An acoustic cabinet is essential for reducing external vibrations that can reduce the resolution of the AFM.			
XYZ Piezo Scanners	100 micron XY 17 micron Z			
	50 micron XY 17 micron Z			
	15 micron 7 micron Z			
50 micron XY 17 micron Z	The stage dimensions of 10" X 10" require little space and fit easily on a tabletop.			
15 micron 7 micron Z	The sample is moved relative to the probe with a precision XY micrometer stage. Thus, the sample can be moved precisely without touching it.			
Dunk and Scan Probe Holder	Open liquid cell for scanning samples submerged in liquids. Can directly replace the HR-AFM probe holder.			
Conductive AFM	Measures the 2D conductivity maps of sample surfaces.			
Magnetic Force Microscopy	Measures the surface magnetic field of a sample by incorporating a magnetic probe into the AFM.			
Lithography	Uses an AFM probe to alter the physical or chemical property of a sample surface.			
Advanced Force Distance Curves	Measures the deflection of a cantilever as it interacts with a surface. Monitors parameters such as: adhesion, stiffness, viscoelasticity, Hardness, and surface layer Thickness. SPIP software is also availble as an option for advanced F-D curve analysis.			
Scanning Tunneling Microscope	The current flow between the probe and sample is used to control the feedback loop in the microscope when scanning electrically conductive samples.			
Electric Force Microscope	Using two pass scanning, the electric charge at a surface is imaged.			
Breakout Box	BNC gives access to most of the signals in the Ebox			
Document Package	This option includes all of the mechanical drawings, electronic schematics, and software protocols used in the microscope.			
Image Logger	This option allows display of six channels in both the forward and reverse directions. It has a spectrum function as well as a twelve channel image data logger			

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SPECIFICATIONS

SCANNER SPECIFICATIONS

	100 × 100 × 17	50 × 50 × 17	15 × 15 × 7
Engineering Specifications			
» XY Resolution	0.010 nm	0.005 nm	0.003 nm
» XY Linearity	<0.1%	<0.1%	<0.1%
» Z Resolution	0.003 nm	0.003 nm	0.0015 nm
» Z Linearity	<0.1%	<0.1%	<0.1%
Performance Specializations			
» XY Range	100 µm	50 µm	15 µm
» XY Linearity	<1%	<1%	<1%
» XY Resolution			
Closed Loop	<6 nm	<3 nm	<1 nm
Open Loop	<1 nm	<1 nm	<0.3 nm
» Z Range	17 µm	17 µm	7 µm
» Z Linearity			
• Open Loop	<5%	<5%	<5%
Closed Loop	<1%	<1%	<1%
» Z Sensor Noise	1 nm	1 nm	N.A.
» Z Feedback Noise	<0.15 nm	<0.15 nm	<0.035 nm
Actuator Type	Piezo	Piezo	Piezo
Design	Modified Tripod	Modified Tripod	Modified Tripod
(Y Sensor Type	Strain Gauge	Strain Gauge	Strain Gauge
Sensor Type	Strain Gauge	Strain Gauge	N.A.
Electronic Control Specifications » XY Scan	2 × 28-bits	24-bit scan DAC, 4-bit gain	192 KHz
» XY Linearization Control	2 × 24 bits	24 bit ADC	192 KHz
» Z Axis Control	Analog	4 amplifier – GPID	1 microvolt noise
» Input Signal Bandwith	5 MHz		
» Z axis Signal Capture	20 bits	16-bit ADC, 4-bit gain	50 KHz
» Phase Signal Capture	2 × 16bits	ADC	50 KHz
» L-R Signal Capture	2 × 16 bits	ADC	50 KHz
» Amplitude Signal Capture	2 × 16 bits	ADC	50 KHz
» Z Error Signal Capture	2 × 16 bits	ADC	50 KHz
» Main Controller MPU	80 MHz/105 DM	AIPS, 32 Bits (5-stage pipeline, Harva	rd architecture)
» Excitation/Modulation	Analog PLL	0-800 KHz	
» Communication	USB 2.0		
» Signal capture specified includes t	he image logger option. Withou	ut Image Logger 1 X 16 bits	
Optional Electronics Specifications			
» User Input Signal (1)	32 × 18 bits	ADC	625 KHz
» User Output (1)	32 × 18 bits	DAC	625 KHz
» User Monitor(1)	48 Lines	Digital IO	MHz
» Optional Controller MPU (2)	80 MHz/105 DN	MIPS, 32 Bits (5-stage pipeline, Harva	rd architecture)
(1) Ontional User 1/0 ungrade	(2) Used for MEM PhotoCorre	act EEM	

(1) Optional User I/O upgrade

(2) Used for MFM, PhotoCorrect, EFM



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SPECIFICATIONS CONTINUED....

Software			cal Microscope Specifications		
» Environment	LabVIEW™				
» Operating System	Windows		Minimum Zoom	Maximum Zoom	
» Image Acquisition	Real Time Display				
	(2 of 8 channels)	Resolution	20 microns	2 microns	
Control Parameters					
» GPID Z feedback Control	Yes	Field of View	2 × 3 mm	300 × 300 µm	
» GPID XY feedback control	Yes				
» Setpoint	Yes	Magnification	45 ×	400 ×	
» Scan Range	Yes				
» Scan Rate	Yes	» Top-view Optic:			
» Image Rotate	0° to 360°	Research Grade			
» Laser Align T-B, L-R, T+B	Yes	Mechanical 7:1 Zoom Ratio			
» Vibrating Freq. Display	Yes	5 MegaPixel CMOS Camera			
» Force Distance	Yes	114 mm Working Distance			
» Automated Tip Approach	Yes	On-axis LED Light			
» Oscilloscope, Y-Z	Yes	» Side-view optic:			
» Image Store Format	Industry Standard	Miniaturized Sensor			
» Image Pixels	16 × 16 to	LED Lighting			
	1024 × 1024	2 MegaPixel CMO	S camera		
» H.V. Gain Control	XY and Z				
» Real Time Display	Line level, histogram,	Physical Specifications			
	multiple false	» Stage			
	color palletes	Weight		lbs	
» Calibration	System Window	Dimensions	9"	× 11" × 20"	
» Jog Up - Jog Down	Yes	» Ebox			
» Image Buffers	12	Weight	6 l		
		Dimensions	6"	× 14" × 10.5"	

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Power

Voltage



< 250 W

110 V/220V