

Synchronous source and measure system

M81 SSM

MeasureReady

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A unique instrument architecture optimized to provide **synchronous** DC, AC, and mixed DC+AC source and measure to 100 kHz for low-level measurements



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An innovative architecture for coordinating low-level measurements from DC to 100 kHz

The MeasureReady™ M81-SSM (Synchronous Source and Measure) system provides a confident and straightforward approach for advanced measurement applications. The M81 is designed to eliminate the complexity of multiple function-specific instrumentation setups, combining the convenience of DC and AC sourcing with DC and AC measurement, including a lock-in's sensitivity and measurement performance.

This extremely low-noise simultaneous source and measure system ensures inherently synchronized measurements from 1 to 3 source channels and from 1 to 3 measure channels per half-rack instrument — while also being highly adaptable for a range of material and device research applications.



Unique real-time sampling architecture for synchronous sourcing and measuring

- MeasureSync™ technology for simultaneous source module update and measure module sampling timing across all channels
- DC/AC amplitude and phase detection is user-selectable on all measure channels
- Common DAC/ADC sampling clock ensures highly precise and consistent source/measure timing coordination between 3 sources and 3 measures



The absolute precision of DC plus the detection sensitivity performance of AC instrumentation

- All source and measure channels are capable of combined DC and AC to 100 kHz signals
- Optimized for fundamental, harmonic, and phase AC plus DC biased measurements
- Modularity allows for flexible, user-configured modules to suit a specific application



Designed for scientific-grade low-level measurement applications

- Linear module power supply architecture for lowest possible source/measure noise
- Fully analog signal paths between data converters, modules, and the device under test (DUT)
- Remote modules for the shortest possible signal path to the DUT, which separates sensitive analog circuits from digital circuits and unwanted sources of interference typical of traditional single-enclosure instrument designs



Unique, flexible instrument/distributed module architecture

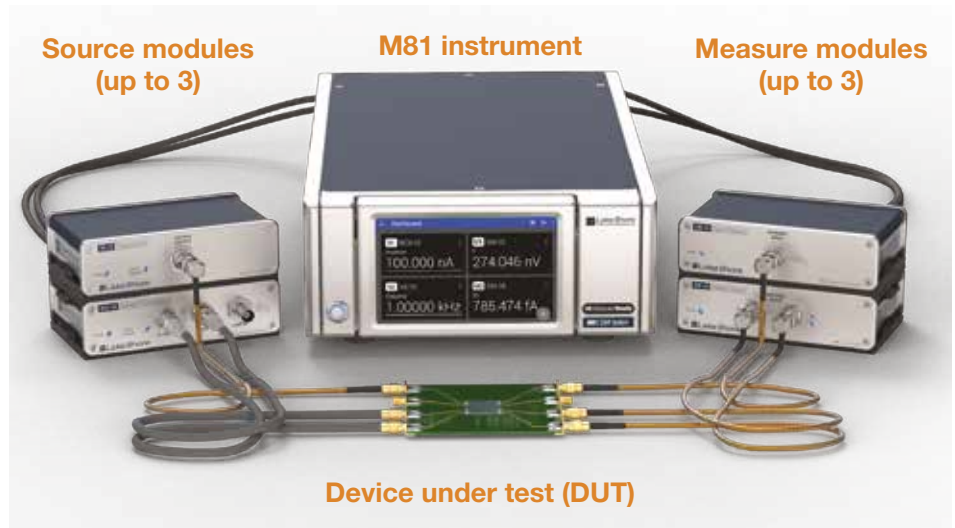
- Remote-mountable amplifier modules are interchangeable between instruments
- Modules are dynamically recognized when the system is reconfigured
- Uses a clean, simple UI and a common programming API for fast setup and a shorter learning curve

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Components of the M81-SSM system

- Connect up to three source modules and up to three measure modules
- Exchange modules and adapt the configuration for each measurement
- All modules are capable of measuring with DC and AC to 100 kHz
- All modules are optimized for highest precision with common amplitude and frequency references



Flexible measurement capabilities

The M81-SSM provides DC and AC stimulus and measurement capabilities for characterizing materials and devices in cryogenic, room temperature, and high-temperature environments.

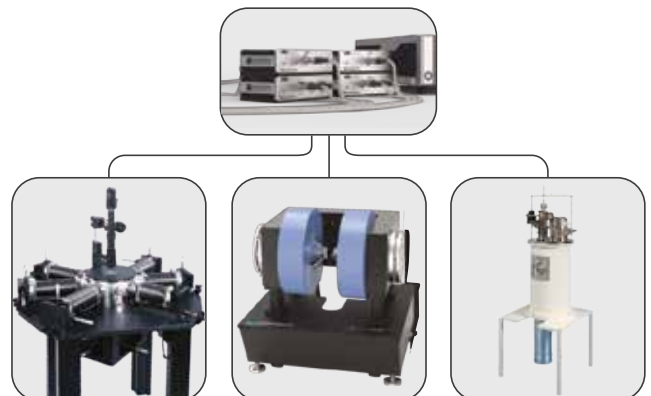
Choose a combination of differential current source and voltage measurement modules for low-resistance applications requiring a precise stimulus current and the noise-cancellation benefits of balanced (floating) sample connections. Or mix and match with additional voltage source and current measurement modules for complex higher-impedance or gate-biasing applications where precise voltage control and sweeping test regimes are required.

Unlike a narrow-bandwidth DC system, these modules operate from very low frequencies to 100 kHz. You can select a measurement bandwidth to avoid 1/f noise and other bands where test environment noise is highest.

The system's MeasureSync™ technology samples all sourcing and measurement channels at precisely the same time, enabling multiple DUTs to be tested under identical conditions so you can obtain consistent data.

The included MeasureLINK™ software provides configurable measurement scripts and loops to support a variety of applications. It facilitates easy integration with Lake Shore as well as third-party systems.

These combined capabilities make the M81-SSM a superior solution for characterizing several test structures, including nanostructures, single- and multilayer atomic structures, MEMs, quantum structures, organic semiconductors, and superconducting materials.



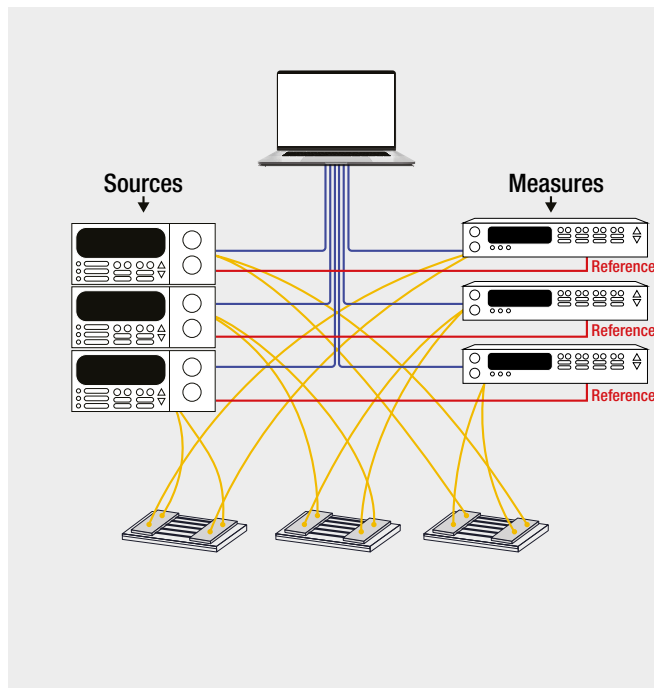
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MeasureSync™ architecture explained

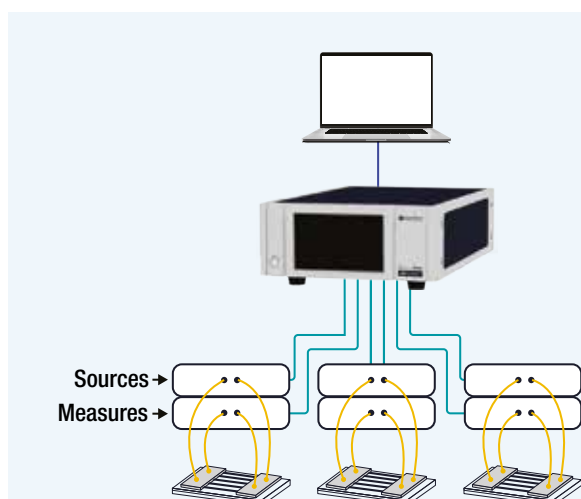
The MeasureReady M81-SSM uses patent-pending MeasureSync™ signal synchronization, enabling continuous data sampling on every channel (see full explanation on page 5). Noise and sensitivity are on par with the best scientific-grade source and measure instruments.

The M81-SSM simplifies the setup and operation of complex material characterization operations by reducing the number and types of instruments and software required. It unifies all configuration and experiment functions through a single interface. Measurements are conducted using the included powerful MeasureLINK™ software.



Traditional equipment setup for multiple devices

- Typical material and device characterization applications require a combination of both DC and AC instruments
- These experimental setups often involve physically large sample apparatus machinery, requiring long signal cables between the sample and instruments
- Many applications require multiple channels of source and measure capabilities, creating synchronization challenges
- 'Rack and stack' approaches to modularity have required high levels of operator skill for reliable results
- As source and measure channel counts increase, so does the need for redundant, separate instruments — which can add to the overall cost of implementation



The M81 simplifies these measurements by:

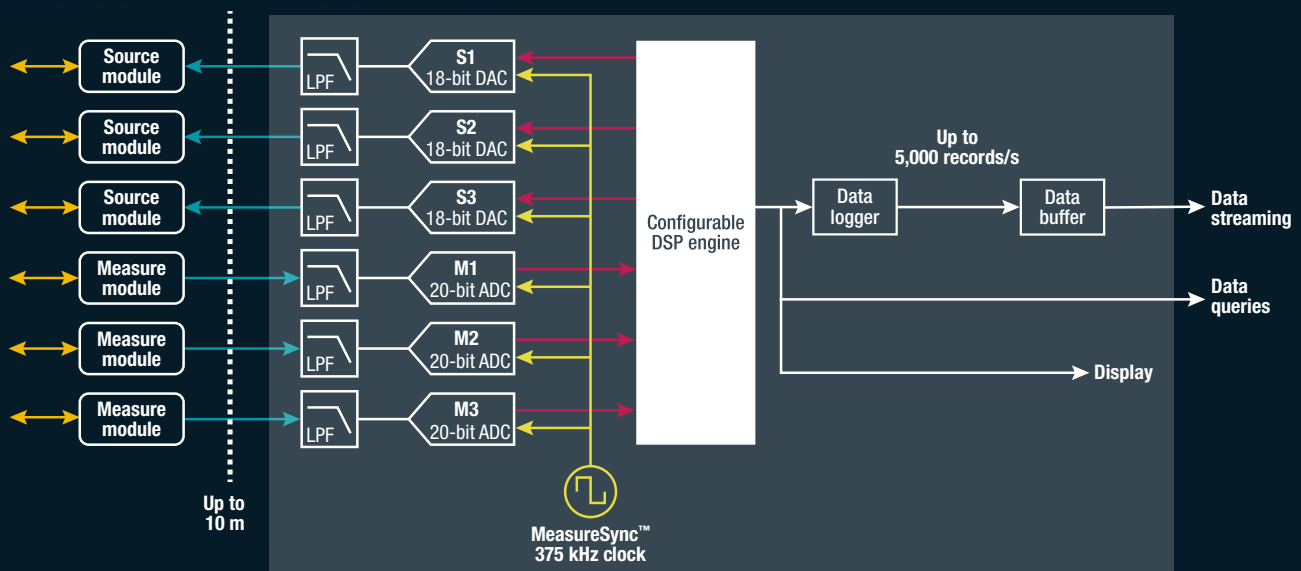
- Reducing the number of separate instruments for easier setup and operation and combining the capabilities of DC picoammeters, voltmeters, and AC lock-in amplifiers
- Reducing the number of and lengths of signal cables between source, measure, and sample, minimizing parasitics (leakage, noise, resistance, and reactance)
- Increasing the number of channels and thus enabling synchronized or parallel sample/device testing
- Allowing for easy reconfiguration by simply swapping module configurations for various applications
- Being typically much less expensive than multiple-instrument configurations

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Timing is everything.

Now it's automatic.



MeasureSync architecture allows for tightly synchronized data collection from the remotely located modules. Amplitude and frequency signals are transmitted to/from the remote amplifier modules using a proprietary, real-time analog voltage method that minimizes noise and ground errors while ensuring tight synchronization of all modules. This analog interface keeps noisy digital circuitry away from the modules' sensitive analog circuits. The signals are digitized by a dedicated converter for each channel, which are synchronized by the shared MeasureSync clock. Each rising edge of the clock triggers every ADC to take a reading and triggers each DAC to update its output. In between clock edges, all of the data is transferred from ADCs to the controller and each DAC is preloaded with a value that is applied on the next edge. Unlike multiplexed systems, this maintains total synchronization and continuous sampling of each channel. Digital signals are generated or processed by a configurable DSP core.

Each measure channel can be configured to perform DC, AC, or lock-in measurements. The core processes the individual readings collected at 375 kSa/s and produces fully processed and calibrated readings at up to 5 kSa/s. These readings can be observed on the front panel and collected via the remote interface.

The multiple parameter query structure allows a single data query to return multiple readings in one query, which maintains synchronization. Additionally, the configurable data streaming interface can be used to provide a continuous stream of synchronized data at a fixed, regular time interval, or a burst of high-speed collection. This combination of an analog interface to the distributed modules, a centralized simultaneous acquisition clock, and a unified remote interface provides end-to-end signal synchronization that cannot be easily achieved with separate instrumentation.

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Modules using patent-pending signal technology

The M81 system provides DC to 100 kHz precision electrical source and measure capabilities with 375 kHz (2.67 μ s) source/measure digitization rates across up to 3 source and 3 measurement front-end modules.

All modules are designed with linear circuitry powered by highly isolated linear power supply designs for the lowest possible voltage/current noise performance — rivaling modern lock-in amplifiers and research lab-grade source and measure instruments.

These hot-swappable modules with embedded calibration data enable quick measurement reconfiguration during and between experimental setups. Compact and well shielded, the modules can be remote, rack, or benchtop mounted depending on application requirements and user preference. For interconnection to the main instrument, the modules come standard with 2 m cables, but you can also order optional 8 m extender cables for making connections up to 10 m in length.

Built-in patent-pending capabilities include:

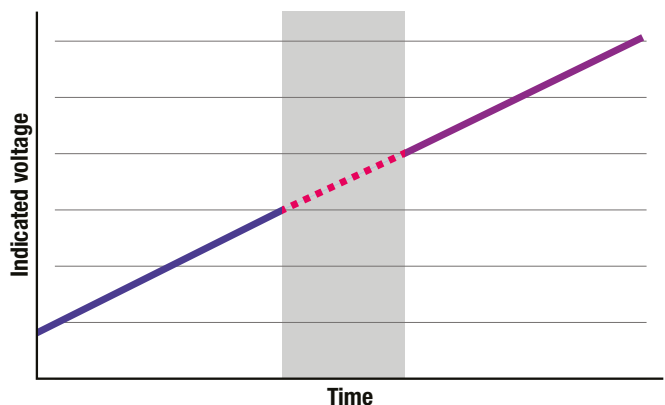
- Dual AC and DC range sourcing — allowing for precise, full control of DC and AC amplitude signals with a single module and sample/device connection (VS-10 module)
- Seamless range change measuring — for significantly reducing or eliminating the typical range change-induced measurement discontinuities in signal sweeping applications that require numerous range changes (VM-10 module)

The integration of both AC and DC into single source and measurement modules:

- Simplifies connections to the device under test
- Simplifies ground return connection schemes
- Simplifies test programming by allowing DC and AC signals to be sourced and measured under program control and without changing hardware or connections
- Enables AC modulation with a DC bias and allows a high degree of signal flexibility and measurement resolution options



Dual AC and DC range source settings on the VS-10 module enable better control of DC and AC amplitude signals.



- Signal on range 1
- Signal on range 2
- ▨ M81 provides continuously observed signal
- Measurements lost during typical instrument range change

Seamless range change measuring is provided with the VM-10 module, as demonstrated by this voltage vs. time sweep.

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As easy to use as your smartphone

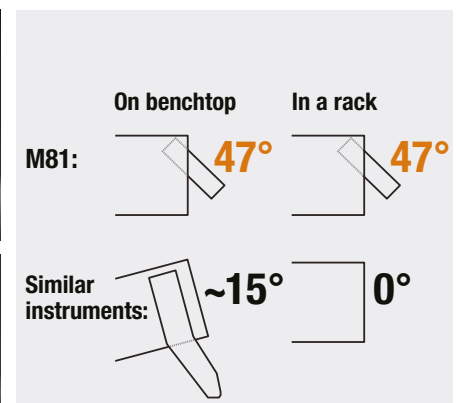
The M81 instrument front display has an easy independent setup of each module's output or input parameters, including range, amplitudes, frequencies, and filters. Each module has a full screen of controls on the M81, similar to the VM-10 screen shown here. The output settings or measure input data of each module are easy to manipulate (S1, S2, S3, M1, M2, or M3). The result is an easy setup to make and see measurement results. To collect several measurements over time as a source is ramped or an environment parameter is changed like temperature or field, Lake Shore created MeasureLINK software to control environmental or source parameters over time and capture the measurement data.



Each screen is easily scrolled up and down to change parameters for whichever module you have selected

Made for the way you work today, the M81 features an uncluttered touch display with a unique TiltView™ screen, presenting a natural and engaging user interface.

With no confusing buttons or long learning curves, the M81 is intuitive and straightforward to operate. You'll quickly recognize the icons, gestures, and menu styles that follow familiar smartphone technology standards.



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M81-SSM and Lake Shore MeasureLINK™ software

The included Lake Shore MeasureLINK™ PC software is an easy, non-programming way to coordinate sophisticated electrical measurements as source or environment parameters change over time.

- Install application packs
 - They provide access to temperature, field, and electrical instrumentation drivers
- Build a system configuration that includes all of the instruments in the experiment
 - Monitor and control the instruments from the Monitor pane
- Build a sequence using drag-and-drop components to control temperature, field, and electrical parameter sweeps
- Collect data from the experiment and export it to your favorite analysis tool
- Need to build an experiment that isn't fully supported? No problem, simply make a similar drag-and-drop sequence and export it to a custom programming environment for final customizations. No problem is too complex to handle.



The MeasureLINK interface

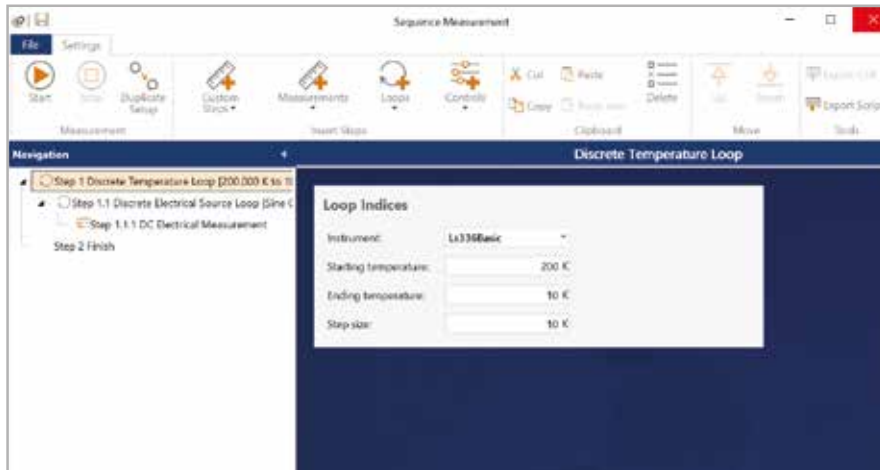
The screenshot displays the MeasureLINK software interface, which is divided into several key sections:

- Navigation pane:** Located on the left, it shows a sequence of steps for a measurement. The current step is highlighted.
- Ribbon:** A horizontal bar at the top containing various tool icons for creating and editing sequences.
- Workspace:** The central area where the measurement sequence is built. It includes an 'Instrument Configuration' panel for selecting instruments and source modes, and a 'Loop Configuration' panel for setting parameters like amplitude, frequency, and time delay.
- Monitor pane:** Located on the right, it provides a real-time overview of the system status. It includes a 'System Status' section, a '336 Temperature Controller' section showing input temperatures (e.g., 12.000 K, 77.350 K), a 'Lake Shore 155 Source' section showing output amplitude (10.00 mV), and an 'M81 Source/Measure System' section showing input voltages (3.3784 μV, 21.12 °C) and other parameters like reference frequency and time constant.

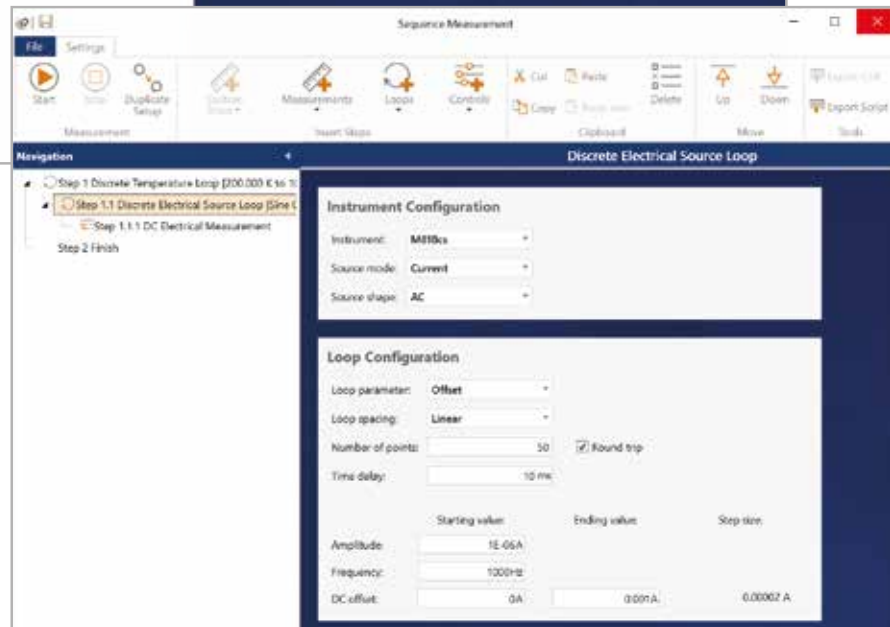
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MeasureLINK™ measurement sequence example

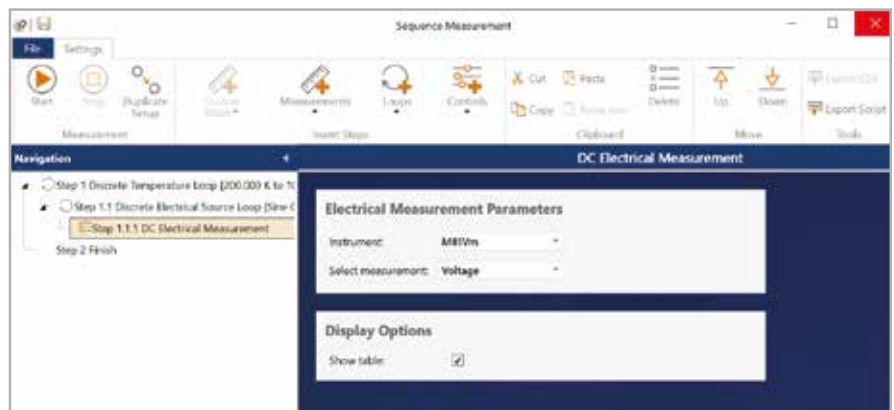
In a temperature-dependent electrical measurement, Step 1 would be to set up a discrete temperature loop with start, end, and step temperature values.



Step 2: Configure the electrical source sweep, which includes specifying the instrument, source mode (voltage or current, source shape [DC or AC]), followed by the loop configuration parameters, such as sweep variable (amplitude, frequency, or offset) and related start, end, and step parameters.



Step 3: Add an electrical measurement step. Start execution and then collect the data in a table for easy export to your favorite analysis program.



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The M81 instrument—the heart of the system

The heart of the M81-SSM is the instrument. Depending on the model ordered, the instrument supports a total of 2, 4, or 6 channels comprising 1, 2, or 3 sources and 1, 2, or 3 measures, respectively, as shown here:

Instrument model	Maximum channel capacity	Number of source channels	Number of measure channels
M81-SSM-2	2	1	1
M81-SSM-4	4	2	2
M81-SSM-6	6	3	3

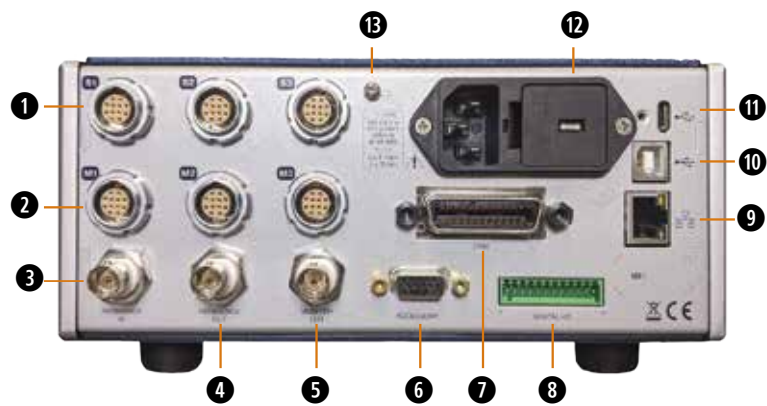
Each M81 instrument can manage from 1 to 3 source channels and from 1 to 3 measure channels per half-rack for testing of multiple DUTs during a single test sequence without adding complexity and signal degradation from signal switching.

More than one instrument can also be combined to increase source and measure channel capabilities without degradation of analog performance while utilizing MeasureSync™ timing synchronization across all signal channels within the system.

Built on the Lake Shore MeasureReady™ instrument platform, the instrument features a graphical, touchscreen interface for both programming control and monitoring. Its ergonomically designed front panel features a TiltView™ display for best visibility, whether on a bench or mounted in a rack. It also supports standard LAN, USB, and GPIB communications.



MeasureReady M81 rear panel



- 1 LEMO source module connectors
- 2 LEMO measure module connectors
- 3 BNC reference input
- 4 BNC reference output
- 5 BNC monitor output
- 6 DB15 accessory connector
- 7 GPIB interface connector
- 8 12-pin digital I/O connector
- 9 RJ-45 Ethernet interface
- 10 USB communications interface
- 11 USB Type-C™ thumb drive interface
- 12 AC mains input connector and voltage selector/fuse module
- 13 Chassis ground connection

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M81 instrument specifications

Specifications are subject to change

Source channels

Source channel functions	DC, sine, triangle (up to 5 kHz), square (up to 5 kHz)
Source sync functions	Synchronize to another channel or internal or external reference in
Frequency range	100 μ Hz to 100 kHz (or module bandwidth, whichever is lesser)
Frequency resolution	Greater of 100 μ Hz, 6 digits
Frequency accuracy	0.06%
Phase noise	100 ms time constant, 12 dB/oct: Internal reference: <0.0001° RMS at 10 kHz External reference: <0.002° RMS at 10 kHz
Dynamic reserve	>120 dB (typical, see manual)

Measure channels

Measure channel functions	DC, AC (RMS, peak), or lock-in (X and Y, R and θ)
Lock-in reference	Any source channel, or external reference input
Reference in	BNC: sine >100 mV p – p \geq 0.1 Hz; square \geq 3.3 V
Reference out	BNC: 3.3 V square
Monitor out	BNC: M1 monitor, M2 monitor, M3 monitor, manual output
Digital inputs	6-pin 3.5 mm detachable terminal block: 2 TTL compatible inputs: V_{high} nominal: 3.3 V; V_{low} nominal: 0 V
Digital outputs	6-pin 3.5 mm detachable terminal block: 2 TTL compatible outputs: 3.3 V V_{high} nominal at 1 mA
Total harmonic distortion	<0.1% from DC to 100 kHz, typical
Sample rate	375 kSa/s
Warm-up time	60 min to achieve specified accuracy
Isolation	Measure common isolated from chassis ground
Front panel display	5 in capacitive touch, color TFT-LCD WVGA (800 \times 480) with LED back-light

System speeds

	USB	GPIOB	Ethernet
Data streaming maximum reading rate (records/s)	5000	5000	5000
Data streaming maximum data throughput ¹ (kB/s)	20	40	80
Typical SCPI query response time ² (ms)	40	6	50

¹ Host PC dependent; speeds measured using PyVISA and Python 3 on Windows® 10 Intel® Core™ i7-8700 2.4-GHz CPU PC with 16 GB RAM

² 99% of queries are serviced faster than this interval

Interface

IEEE-488.2 (GPIOB)

Function	IEEE-488 command and control
Capabilities	SH1, AH1, T5, L4, SR1, RL1, PP0, DC1, DT0, C0, E1
Data throughput	Limited by 3 megabit internal bus rate

Connector	IEEE-488 24-pin receptacle with M3.5 jack screws
Software support	LabVIEW™, Python, MeasureLINK, IVI.NET
USB host	
Type	USB 3.0 MSC device
Function	Firmware updates, flash drive support
Connector	USB Type-C™
USB device	
Type	USB 2.0
Function	Emulates a standard RS-232 serial port
Protocol	Standard commands for programmable instruments (SCPI)
Baud rate	921 600 Bd
Connector	USB Type-B
Software support	LabVIEW, Python, MeasureLINK, IVI.NET
Ethernet	
Function	TCP/IP command and control, mobile app
App layer protocol	Standard commands for programmable instruments (SCPI)
Connector	RJ-45
Speed	1 Gb/s
Software support	LabVIEW, Python, MeasureLINK, IVI.NET

General

Ambient temperature	Rated accuracy ± 5 °C of calibration temperature; 5 °C to 40 °C at reduced accuracy
Power requirement	100 V, 120 V, 220 V, 240 V, $\pm 10\%$, 50 or 60 Hz, 140 VA
Size	216 mm W \times 87 mm H \times 369 mm D (8.5 in \times 3.4 in \times 14.5 in), half rack
Weight	5.7 kg (12.6 lb)
Approval	CE mark

Available BNC adapter specifications

When used with S1, S2, or S3 source connections

Range	10 V, fixed
Noise	<1 μ V/√Hz at 1 kHz
Output impedance	25 Ω
Raw converter resolution	18 bits (76 μ V/LSB)
Temperature coefficient	50 ppm/°C
Accuracy	0.1% + 500 μ V (1 year, ± 5 °C from calibration temperature, after self calibration of instrument, no calibration applicable to the cable itself)

When used with M1, M2, or M3 measure connections

Range	10 V, fixed
Noise	<1 μ V/√Hz at 1 kHz
Input impedance	10 M Ω
Raw converter resolution	20 bits (19 μ V/LSB)
Temperature coefficient	50 ppm/°C
Accuracy	0.1% + 500 μ V (1 year, ± 5 °C from calibration temperature, after self calibration of instrument, no calibration applicable to the cable itself)

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M81 MODULES

VM-10 voltage measure module



This module provides voltage measurements with resolution from low nanovolts up to 10 V from DC to 100 kHz, including amplitude, phase, and harmonic detection capabilities. Proprietary seamless ranging technology allows continuous measurements when increasing or decreasing ranges.

Voltage noise performance is on par with modern AC lock-in amplifier instruments but packaged in a compact, easy-to-use, remote-mountable module that can be located next to the sample or DUT to minimize cabling signal losses and noise pickup.

In addition, the module offers two configurable hardware low-pass and high-pass filters, which enable highly sensitive low-level measurements to be made in the presence of significant interfering signals. The inclusion of user-configurable hardware filters combined with the high-gain, low-noise front-end module amplifier design can eliminate the need for additional pre-amplifiers often required with traditional lock-in amplifiers. It also offers user-selectable single-ended or differential input connections providing additional options for minimizing noise and ground loop interference without the use of external converters or adapters.

Up to three simultaneously connected VM-10 modules can be used with each M81 instrument. Each module can be independently configured to perform DC, AC, or lock-in measurements.



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VM-10 specifications

Specifications are subject to change

Input configuration	Single-ended (A) or differential (A-B)
Input coupling	DC or AC (0.1 Hz)
Ranges	10 V, 1 V, 100 mV, 10 mV; seamless, automatic transitions
Best sensitivity	<1 nV ¹
Hardware filters	LP: 10 Hz, 30 Hz, 100 Hz, 300 Hz, 1 kHz, 3 kHz, 10 kHz; 20 dB or 40 dB/decade HP: 10 Hz, 30 Hz, 100 Hz, 300 Hz, 1 kHz, 3 kHz; 20 dB or 40 dB/decade Modes: High reserve, Low-noise
Input impedance	>10 GΩ, 120 pF (DC coupled)
Leakage current	<15 pA
CMRR	80 dB up to 1 kHz
Magnetic field exposure	Operational up to 8 mT DC
Size	142 mm W × 39 mm H × 89 mm D (5.6 in × 1.5 in × 3.5 in)

Bandwidth/accuracy

Range	Bandwidth (-3 dB, typical)	Single-ended operation			Differential operation		
		DC ² ±(%rdg + V)	Lock-in ^{2,3} ±%rdg	Temperature coefficient ^{2,3} ±(ppm rdg/°C + V/°C)	DC ² ±(%rdg + V)	Lock-in ^{2,3} ±%rdg	Temperature coefficient ^{2,3} ±(ppm rdg/°C + V/°C)
10 V	>100 kHz	0.025% + 600 μV	0.025%	6 ppm/°C + 24 μV/°C	0.025% + 150 μV	0.025%	6 ppm/°C + 6 μV/°C
1 V	>100 kHz	0.025% + 21 μV	0.025%	6 ppm/°C + 20 μV/°C	0.025% + 5 μV	0.025%	6 ppm/°C + 2 μV/°C
100 mV	75 kHz	0.1% + 20 μV	0.1%	120 ppm/°C + 20 μV/°C	0.05% + 3 μV	0.05%	6 ppm/°C + 1 μV/°C
10 mV	75 kHz	0.1% + 20 μV	0.1%		0.05% + 3 μV	0.05%	

Noise (typical)

Measured with filters off, inputs shorted

Current noise at 1 kHz: 20 fA/√Hz

Range	Single-ended operation		Differential operation	
	Voltage noise at 1 kHz	Voltage noise at 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz	Voltage noise at 1 kHz	Voltage noise at 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz
10 V	170 nV/√Hz	4 μV RMS; 20 μV p-p	170 nV/√Hz	4 μV RMS; 20 μV p-p
1 V	50 nV/√Hz	400 nV RMS; 2 μV p-p	50 nV/√Hz	500 nV RMS; 2.5 μV p-p
100 mV	3.8 nV/√Hz	50 nV RMS; 250 nV p-p	4.5 nV/√Hz	60 nV RMS; 300 nV p-p
10 mV	3.2 nV/√Hz	25 nV RMS; 125 nV p-p	4.1 nV/√Hz	30 nV RMS; 150 nV p-p

¹ 10 mV range, 10 s, 95% confidence interval

² Total system accuracy, 95% confidence, 1 year and ±5 °C from Lake Shore calibration, 24 h and ±1 °C from self-calibration, filters off

³ DC to 1 kHz

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BCS-10 balanced current source module



This module provides programmable currents from 1 pA to 100 mA with a ± 10 V maximum compliance output from DC to 100 kHz sinusoidal output. Derived from Lake Shore's industry-leading Model 372 AC resistance bridge, the BCS-10 employs a differential or balanced design that helps reduce or eliminate ground loops often encountered in cryostats and other research apparatus. It expands on Model 372 balanced source capability, adding variable frequency and amplitude programmability for enhanced flexibility while maintaining excellent noise performance.

The inclusion of a virtual center-point ground connection further enhances noise performance by allowing the user to determine optimal center-point tie points within given apparatus or equipment setups. The BCS-10 is designed to be paired with the VM-10 module, which provides both single-ended and differential (balanced) input connection and modes.

A typical application of the balanced current source involves low-resistance measurements, where the resistance of the wires connecting the current source to a sensor may be significant. Any unbalance in lead wire resistance results in a common-mode voltage that complicates the measurement of the desired parameter, the voltage across the sensor. The external CMR feature is unique in that it allows the BCS-10 to force some remote node (such as a VM-10 input) to circuit common potential and thus mitigate the effect of unbalanced lead wire resistance.



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BCS-10 specifications

Specifications are subject to change

Ranges	100 mA, 10 mA, 1 mA, 100 μ A, 10 μ A, 1 μ A, 100 nA, 10 nA; automatic selection
Compliance	20 V differential, 10 V single-ended (non-settable)
Maximum power	1 W, 4-quadrant operation
CMR modes	Off, internal, external
Coupling	DC or AC (1 Hz)
Guard drive	Enable or disable
Settle time	10 ms into 0 Ω
Load impedance	Stability maintained with reactive loads up to 50 μ F or 1 mH (with 100 Ω damping)
Magnetic field exposure	Operational up to 11 mT DC
Size	142 mm W \times 39 mm H \times 89 mm D (5.6 in \times 1.5 in \times 3.5 in)

Bandwidth/accuracy

Range	Bandwidth (typical)		DC ¹ \pm (% rdg + A)	Lock-in ^{1,2} \pm % rdg	Temperature coefficient ^{1,2} \pm (ppm/°C + A/°C)	Settable resolution
	Maximum frequency	Full accuracy maximum frequency				
100 mA	100 kHz	1 kHz	0.03% + 5 μ A	0.15%	2 ppm/°C + 100 nA/°C	1 μ A
10 mA	100 kHz	1 kHz	0.03% + 500 nA	0.15%	2 ppm/°C + 10 nA/°C	100 nA
1 mA	100 kHz	1 kHz	0.03% + 50 nA	0.15%	2 ppm/°C + 500 pA/°C	10 nA
100 μ A	100 kHz	1 kHz	0.03% + 5 nA	0.15%	0.2 ppm/°C + 200 pA/°C	1 nA
10 μ A	100 kHz	1 kHz	0.03% + 1 nA	0.15%	0.2 ppm/°C + 10 pA/°C	100 pA
1 μ A	10 kHz	1 kHz	0.5% + 120 pA	0.5%	5 ppm/°C + 2 pA/°C	10 pA
100 nA	1 kHz	100 Hz	0.5% + 60 pA	0.5%	5 ppm/°C + 2 pA/°C	1 pA
10 nA	100 Hz	30 Hz	0.5% + 30 pA	0.5%	5 ppm/°C + 2 pA/°C	100 fA

Noise (typical)

Wideband noise DC to 100 MHz: 2 mV RMS

Range	Noise density	Noise at 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz
100 mA	10 pA/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ at 1 kHz	1 nA RMS (5 nA p-p)
10 mA	6 pA/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ at 1 kHz	500 pA RMS (2.5 nA p-p)
1 mA	2 pA/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ at 1 kHz	100 pA RMS (500 pA p-p)
100 μ A	300 fA/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ at 1 kHz	10 pA RMS (50 pA p-p)
10 μ A	150 fA/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ at 1 kHz	1 pA RMS (5 pA p-p)
1 μ A	100 fA/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ at 1 kHz	500 fA RMS (2.5 pA p-p)
100 nA	100 fA/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ at 1 kHz	500 fA RMS (2.5 pA p-p)
10 nA	100 fA/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ at 100 Hz	500 fA RMS (2.5 pA p-p)

DC output impedance

Range	Magnitude output impedance
100 mA	>500 k Ω
10 mA	>1 M Ω
1 mA	>10 M Ω
100 μ A	>100 M Ω
10 μ A	>1 G Ω
1 μ A	>1 G Ω
100 nA	>1 G Ω
10 nA	>1 G Ω

¹ Total system, 1 year and ± 5 °C from Lake Shore calibration, 24 h and ± 1 °C from self-calibration, 95% confidence

² DC to full accuracy frequency

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M81 MODULES

CM-10 current measure module



This module provides current measurements with near-zero input offset voltage from fA levels up to 100 mA from DC to 100 kHz, including amplitude, phase, and harmonic detection capabilities. The module also has configurable hardware and software filtering.

Current noise performance is on par with modern TIA and DC picoammeters, and the module also includes a programmable ± 10 V voltage bias offset feature for materials or devices that require biased current measurements or operation, such as a photodiode.



Synchronous source and measure system

M81 SSM

CM-10 specifications

Specifications are subject to change

Ranges	100 mA, 10 mA, 1 mA, 100 μ A, 10 μ A, 1 μ A, 100 nA, 10 nA, 1 nA; automatic transitions
Input offset voltage²	<150 μ V
Settable bias voltage	± 10 V
Bias voltage settable resolution	320 μ V
Best sensitivity	<10 fA ¹
Hardware filters	LP: 10 Hz, 30 Hz, 100 Hz, 300 Hz, 1 kHz, 3 kHz, 10 kHz; 20 dB or 40 dB/decade HP: 10 Hz, 30 Hz, 100 Hz, 300 Hz, 1 kHz, 3 kHz; 20 dB or 40 dB/decade Modes: High reserve, Low-noise
Magnetic field exposure	Operational up to 3 mT DC
Size	142 mm W \times 39 mm H \times 89 mm D (5.6 in \times 1.5 in \times 3.5 in)

Bandwidth/accuracy

Range	Bandwidth (-3 dB, typical)	Full accuracy	DC ² \pm (% rdg + A)	Lock-in ^{2,3} \pm % rdg	Temperature coefficient ^{2,3} \pm (% rdg/ $^{\circ}$ C + A/ $^{\circ}$ C)
100 mA	>100 kHz	1 kHz	0.05% + 1 μ A	0.05%	5 ppm/ $^{\circ}$ C + 10 nA/ $^{\circ}$ C
10 mA	>100 kHz	1 kHz	0.05% + 100 nA	0.05%	2 ppm/ $^{\circ}$ C + 5 nA/ $^{\circ}$ C
1 mA	>100 kHz	1 kHz	0.05% + 10 nA	0.05%	2 ppm/ $^{\circ}$ C + 20 pA/ $^{\circ}$ C
100 μ A	40 kHz	1 kHz	0.05% + 1 nA	0.05%	2 ppm/ $^{\circ}$ C + 1 pA/ $^{\circ}$ C
10 μ A	8 kHz	500 Hz	0.05% + 500 pA	0.05%	5 ppm/ $^{\circ}$ C + 1 pA/ $^{\circ}$ C
1 μ A	2.2 kHz	100 Hz	0.05% + 500 pA	0.1%	5 ppm/ $^{\circ}$ C + 0.5 pA/ $^{\circ}$ C
100 nA	450 Hz	20 Hz	0.05% + 10 pA	0.1%	5 ppm/ $^{\circ}$ C + 0.5 pA/ $^{\circ}$ C
10 nA	80 Hz	10 Hz	0.1% + 5 pA	0.5%	50 ppm/ $^{\circ}$ C + 0.5 pA/ $^{\circ}$ C
1 nA	80 Hz	10 Hz	0.1% + 5 pA	0.5%	50 ppm/ $^{\circ}$ C + 0.5 pA/ $^{\circ}$ C

Noise (typical)

Range	Noise density ⁴	Noise at 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz ⁴
100 mA	2.6 nA/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ at 1 kHz	35 nA RMS (175 nA p-p)
10 mA	250 pA/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ at 1 kHz	4 nA RMS (20 nA p-p)
1 mA	30 pA/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ at 1 kHz	350 pA RMS (1.75 nA p-p)
100 μ A	3.5 pA/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ at 1 kHz	30 pA RMS (150 nA p-p)
10 μ A	500 fA/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ at 1 kHz	4 pA RMS (20 pA p-p)
1 μ A	70 fA/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ at 1 kHz	400 fA RMS (2 pA p-p)
100 nA	13 fA/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ at 100 Hz	60 fA RMS (300 fA p-p)
10 nA	4.3 fA/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ at 77 Hz	16 fA RMS (80 fA p-p)
1 nA	4.3 fA/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ at 77 Hz	16 fA RMS (80 fA p-p)

DC input impedance

Range	DC input impedance
100 mA	30 m Ω
10 mA	40 m Ω
1 mA	100 m Ω
100 μ A	1 Ω
10 μ A	6 Ω
1 μ A	60 Ω
100 nA	500 Ω
10 nA	5 k Ω
1 nA	80 k Ω

¹ 1 nA range, 10 s, 95% confidence interval

² Total system accuracy, 1 year and ± 5 $^{\circ}$ C from Lake Shore calibration; 24 h, ± 1 $^{\circ}$ C from self-calibration, 95% confidence, filters off

³ DC to full accuracy frequency

⁴ In Low noise mode; High reserve mode will have the noise of the next higher current range

Synchronous source and measure system

M81 SSM

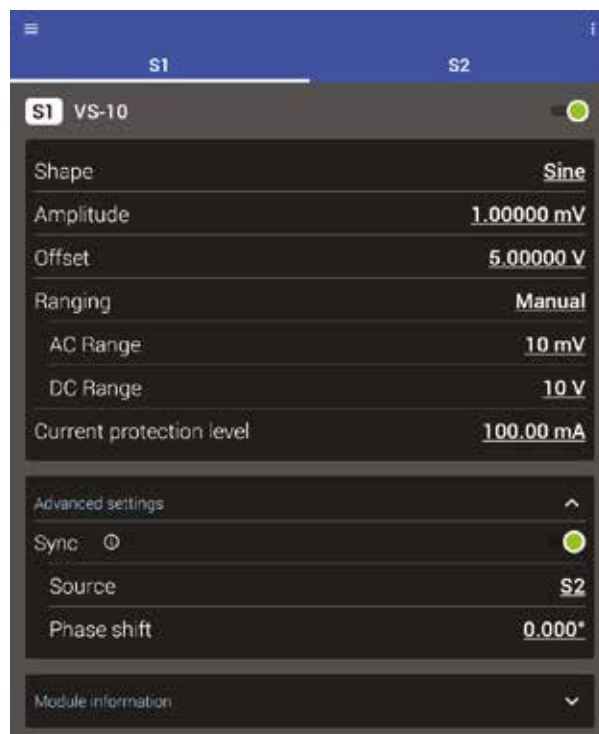
M81 MODULES

VS-10 voltage source module



This module provides programmable voltages from ± 1 nV to ± 10 V with a maximum of 100 mA compliance from DC to 100 kHz sinusoidal output. The VS-10 is useful for gate biasing, voltage sweep I-V curve profiling, and applications that require highly stable voltages in combination with current, resistance/conductance, and other material or electronic device measurements.

Patent-pending circuitry enables separate ranges and amplitude settings for DC and AC signal components. This allows for simultaneous DC biasing and sweeping as well as combined AC signals to be superimposed for sample and device stimulus and selective measurement by corresponding and synchronized VM-10 modules. This hybrid DC+AC signal capability can reduce or eliminate the need and complexity for dedicated DC and AC sources while providing enhanced characterization capabilities and richer measurement data and sample insights.



Synchronous source and measure system

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VS-10 specifications

Specifications are subject to change

Ranges	V: 10 V, 1 V, 100 mV, 10 mV; AC and DC ranges can be independently set; automatic selection
Current limit	Settable up to 100 mA (DC only)
Maximum power	1 W, 4-quadrant operation
Output impedance	<150 mΩ
Settle time	10 ms to 1% settle into open circuit
Load impedance	Stability maintained with reactive loads up to 50 μF or 1 mH (with 100 Ω damping)
Magnetic field exposure	Operational up to 50 mT DC
Size	142 mm W × 39 mm H × 89 mm D (5.6 in × 1.5 in × 3.5 in)

Bandwidth/accuracy

Range ¹	Bandwidth (-3 dB, typical)	DC ² ±(% rdg + V)	Lock-in ^{2,3} ±% rdg	Temperature coefficient ^{2,3} ±(ppm rdg/°C + V/°C)	DC settable resolution ⁴	AC settable resolution
10 V	>100 kHz	0.025% + 450 μV	0.025%	5 ppm/°C + 5 μV/°C	3 μV	100 μV
1 V	>100 kHz	0.05% + 450 μV	0.05%	5 ppm/°C + 5 μV/°C	1 μV	10 μV
100 mV	75 kHz	0.1% + 450 μV	0.1%	5 ppm/°C + 5 μV/°C	1 μV	1 μV
10 mV	75 kHz	0.15% + 450 μV	0.15%	5 ppm/°C + 5 μV/°C	1 μV	100 nV

Noise (typical)

Range	Voltage noise at 1 kHz	Voltage noise at 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz
10 V	80 nV/√Hz	1 μV RMS (5 μV p-p)
1 V	30 nV/√Hz	500 nV RMS (2.5 μV p-p)
100 mV	30 nV/√Hz	350 nV RMS (1.75 μV p-p)
10 mV	30 nV/√Hz	350 nV RMS (1.75 μV p-p)

Output impedance

Range	Absolute resistance
10 V	<0.1 Ω
1 V	<0.1 Ω
100 mV	<0.1 Ω
10 mV	<0.1 Ω

Wideband noise (DC to 100 MHz): 2 mV RMS

¹ Both DC and AC range less than or equal to the range

² Total system accuracy, 1 year and ±5 °C from Lake Shore calibration, 24 h and ±1 °C from self-calibration, 95% confidence

³ DC to 1 kHz

⁴ Averaging over 60 NPLCs

Synchronous source and measure system

M81 SSM

Top material research applications and the M81 modules used

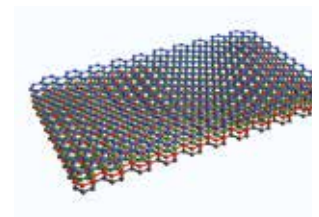
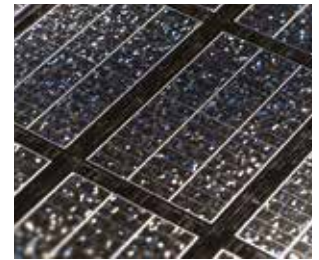
DC transport

I-V curves, 4-wire

(VS module + CM module, primarily)

Ideal for: 2D materials, nanowires, organic semiconductors

M81 advantages: Low-voltage source noise, low-current measure noise



AC transport

AC resistance, sheet resistance, and AC current Hall

(BCS module + VM module)

Ideal for: Metal-insulator transitions, 2D materials, superconducting materials

M81 advantages: AC current Hall: synchronous measurement of resistance and Hall voltages; and simultaneous measurement of up to three devices in a cryostat at different frequencies



Photodiodes and phototransistors

(CM module + occasionally VS module)

Ideal for: IR sensitive materials, solar-blind materials, 2D materials

M81 advantages: Programmable offset voltage source



Spin transport

(DC/AC: BCS module + VM module)

Ideal for: Spin orbit torque (SOT), non-local resistance, spin valves

M81 advantages: SOT: synchronous measurement of resistance, Hall voltages, and harmonic Hall voltages



Differential conductance

(VS module + CM module)

Ideal for: MIS junctions, Josephson junctions, defect characterization in transistors

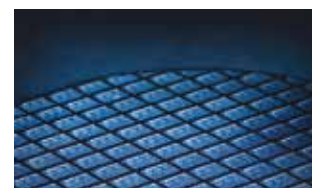
M81 advantages: Junctions: dual DAC AC and DC sourcing (source at appropriate range)

Thermal transport

(AC, BCS module + VM module)

Ideal for: Thermoelectric materials, 1D materials

M81 advantages: Phase-correlated current sources, synchronous harmonic detection

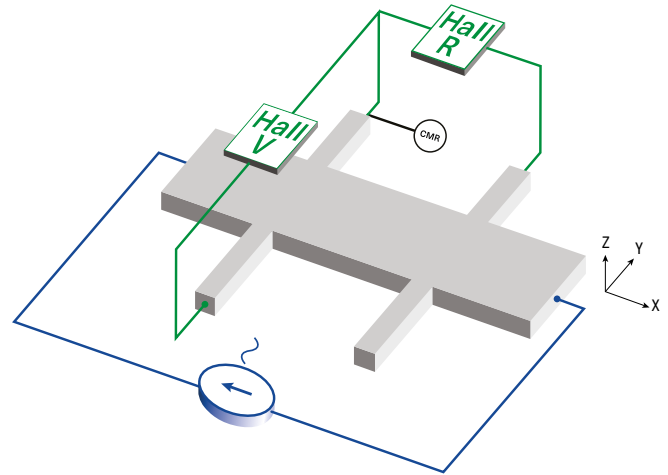


Application focus — M81 and Hall bar measurements

Magnetotransport and harmonic Hall effect measurements are primary characterization methodologies for a wide variety of materials — high mobility 2DEGs, graphene, magnetic semiconductors, and spin-orbit torque heterostructures. For low resistance materials in particular, samples are often etched or milled into a Hall bar geometry and a current source drives a uniform current through the long axis of the bar. The voltage drop along the current channel, V_R , is measured using narrow legs or taps along the current direction. Deflection of the current due to applied and internal magnetic fields manifests as a Hall voltage, V_H , detected in the legs perpendicular to the current flow. In certain applications, the measured voltages are exceedingly small and need to be extracted using lock-in techniques. The M81-SSM offers key advantages in these scenarios for both sourcing and detection.

AC current source

Conventionally, single-ended current sources are employed in Hall bar measurements. These single-ended sources drive current into the positive terminal of the Hall bar, which is returned to ground. In the single-ended configuration, there is a different impedance on each end of the Hall bar load and common mode voltage fluctuations, such as line pickup, are more easily coupled into the measurement circuit. With these common mode fluctuations, longer lock-in averaging times may be necessary in order to achieve an acceptable signal to noise ratio. Minimizing common mode fluctuations in Hall bar applications, the M81 is configured with a balanced current source (BCS) for AC current excitation of the device. Configured as a differential source, the BCS module sources and sinks the prescribed current with two coordinated voltage-controlled source circuits. A common mode rejection connection on the source module is attached to a Hall bar's shared leg and provides active feedback to reduce common mode voltage on the load.



Voltage detection

In AC current Hall bar measurements, two lock-in amplifiers are typically used in order to simultaneously measure V_R and V_H as a function of magnetic field or temperature. Due to cost considerations, a single lock-in could be switched between the two voltage measurement configurations; however, waiting for the lock-in to reset after a configuration change is time-consuming. As the two measurements are acquired at different times, system drift can skew measurement results. For typical Hall bar measurements, the M81-SSM can be configured with two voltage measure (VM) modules — one for V_H and one for V_R . For harmonic Hall measurements, the second harmonic of the oscillating Hall voltage characterizes the strength and nature of the spin-orbit interaction. In this case, a third VM module, configured to measure the second harmonic, is added in parallel to the V_H legs. Whether configured with two or three VM modules, the M81 platform can be queried to return synchronous lock-in results from all connected measurement modules.

Synchronous source and measure system

M81 SSM

Positioning and mounting accessories

Included mounting plates



Included with each module: a top clip for module-to-module stacking and a bottom clip for surface mounting (shown attached underneath).

Optional module rack mount kit (M81-RMP-3)



Optional module rack mount panel (M81-RMK-2)



Two optional module rack mount kits (M81-RMP-3) paired with an optional rack mount kit for two MeasureReady instruments (RM-2)



Coming soon: optional probe station mounting shelf

This upcoming option will enable you to locate your M81 modules directly adjacent to a sample under test.



Synchronous source and measure system

M81 SSM

Ordering information

M81 instruments

M81-SSM-2	M81 synchronous source measure system instrument with 1 source and 1 measure channel
M81-SSM-4	M81 synchronous source measure system instrument with 2 source and 2 measure channels
M81-SSM-6	M81 synchronous source measure system instrument with 3 source and 3 measure channels

M81 source and measure modules

M81-BCS-10	100 mA/10 V balanced current source module
M81-VS-10	10 V/100 mA voltage source module
M81-VM-10	10 V voltage measure module
M81-CM-10	100 mA/10 V current measure module

Accessories

112-811	Instrument LEMO to module extender cable, 8 m (26.3 ft)
112-812	Instrument LEMO to BNC adapter cable, 2 m (6.6 ft)
843-076	Low noise triaxial cable, 3-slot, 1 m (3 ft)
P12379	BNC female to triaxial adapter, TRB male, isolated, 50 Ω , 3-lug
117-017	1 m (3.3 ft) long IEEE-488 (GPIB) computer interface cable assembly
RM-2	Rack mount kit—two adjacent half-rack instruments
RM-1/2	Rack mount kit—single half-rack instrument
M81-RMK-2	Rack mount kit for M81 instrument and 2 modules (2U)
M81-RMP-3	Rack mount kit for 3 M81 modules (1U)

Synchronous source and measure system

M81 SSM



Questions? Answers?

Visit <http://forums.lakeshore.com/>
and become part of the conversation!



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