MeasureReady™ FastHall™ station

MeasureReady[™] FastHall[™] Station







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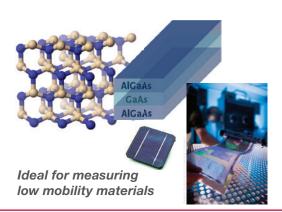
FastHall measurement capability contained in a complete characterization platform



The MeasureReady M91 FastHall™ measurement controller is a revolutionary, all-in-one Hall analysis instrument that delivers significantly higher levels of precision, speed, and convenience to researchers involved in the study of electronic materials.

And now this novel capability is available as part of the FastHall Station, an integrated, high-precision tabletop measurement system for simplified Hall measurements and less experimental setup.

The FastHall Station includes a Windows® 10 PC, 1 T permanent magnet, high precision sample holder, and all the necessary software and cabling to provide a range of measurement capabilities including sample resistances up to 1 GΩ and mobility measurements down to 0.01 cm²/V s — making it a great choice for labs studying low-mobility materials.





Widest measurement range

- Proprietary FastHall[™] technology enables low-mobility measurements without field reversal in seconds
- Mobility measurements down to 0.01 cm²/V s for van der Pauw samples with resistances from 10 m Ω to 1 G Ω
- Completely guarded triaxial cabling to fully shielded, insertable, light-tight sample chamber plus an LN₂ option



Completely integrated mini-system solution

- MeasureLINK[™]-MCS software provides standard sequences, charts, exportable reports and user customizable test scripts
- M91 FastHall™ instrument with high resistance option integrates all signal source, measure, and switching functions
- Easy to use spring pin and solder sample holder cards accommodate up to 10 mm x 10 mm van der Pauw and Hall bar type samples



Increased productivity and flexibility

- Measurement times greatly reduced through patented FastHall[™] method and fully integrated system solution
- Available gate bias instrument option and ability to easily integrate third-party sources and instrument
- Simple, repeatable, and reversible permanent magnet with nominal fields of 1 T and optional 0.8 for LN₂ chamber







In order to build your own Hall effect measurement system (HMS), you would need to specify the appropriate electrical measurement instrumentation, a suitable field strength and uniformity magnet, and a signal switching unit to automatically measure sample resistivity and Hall voltages, plus develop and validate some level of custom software to correctly acquire measurements and perform the proper pre- and post-measurement calculations. But in such a customized setup, you would not take advantage of the unique capabilities of the M91 measurement controller, which offers a level of speed, accuracy, and convenience not currently available with commercially off-the-shelf source, measure, and switching instrumentation.

The FastHall Station combines all of the necessary van der Pauw measurement functions into a single tabletop system that not only includes our revolutionary measurement controller, but all the rest of the instrumentation and software specifically designed for automating, charting, and analyzing the measurement. It is truly a turnkey solution for researchers who are looking to derive key parameters of materials—and do so more quickly—without any complicated equipment setup.

Typical HMS system components

FastHall Station

Sample holder

Switch mainframe with matrix card

Nanovoltmeter

Current source

Ohmic contact evaluation software

Data collection software

Hall analysis software

Charting software

PC workstation

FastHall Station

Patented technology for faster, better measurements

The FastHall™ Station contains all the sourcing, measurement, and switching instrumentation plus software needed to execute a complete measurement sequence—quickly and conveniently.

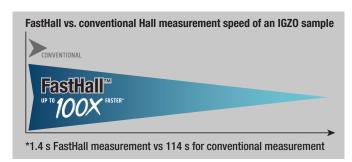
Key to its speed is the included M91 measurement

controller. Using Lake Shore's patented*
FastHall™ technology, the instrument automatically executes measurement steps and provides better measurements faster, especially when working



with low-mobility materials—up to 100× faster in many cases. Most commonly measured materials can be analyzed in a few seconds.

For more about the M91 controller, visit lakeshore.com/M91.



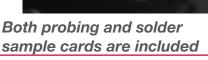
*Protected by US patent numbers 9797965 and 10073151. Other patents pending.

A fully enclosed, shielded measurement environment

A durable, light-tight system, the FastHall Station features an electronically shielded, low-noise sample space with guarded contacts, resulting in far superior measurements as compared to most similar solutions—whether you want to derive carrier type, carrier concentration, mobility, or Hall coefficient properties of the sample.

The sample card starter kit includes both solder and prober pin style sample cards. The prober pin style cards allow you to mount your samples without requiring contact pad soldering. Simply load your sample and begin running van der Pauw measurements using the included PC loaded with MeasureLINK-MCS application software.









Options for optimizing your FastHall Station

LN₂ option



The LN_2 option includes a sample platform with a reservoir and funnel for measurements in a LN_2 bath.

Gate bias option

This option, which includes a MeasureReady[™] 155 DC precision current and voltage source instrument (155-DC), provides a low-noise voltage source for conducting Hall measurements with a gate bias applied.



The voltage is applied through the triaxial connectors on top of the sample holder which also implements a safety interlock that disables the bias voltage when the sample is removed. Measurement scripts are provided for a gate bias sweep to make Hall measurements for a range of discrete gate bias settings.

Comparing the FastHall Station with other available solutions (see at right) shows that even though it has a compact size, it provides nearly the same measurement performance as premium Hall measurement systems.

The LN₂ option includes all the components needed to convert the standard room temperature FastHall Station into a cryogenically cooled (LN₂) sample space. This way, Hall analysis measurements can be easily performed while the sample is in a flooded LN₂ bath. The standard sample holder and sample cards are used in this configuration. Hold time is approximately 10 min.

Included in the kit for the option are:

- LN₂ sample platform with LN₂ option reservoir
- 0.8 T wide-gap magnet
- Parking garage for room temperature components to be stored during LN₂ use
- Funnel for pour-fill operation

Key parameter comparison vs. other solutions

	Typical tabletop Hall system	Our FastHall Station	Our premium electromagnet HMS
Lowest mobility (cm²/V s)	1	0.01	0.001
Sample resistance	10 ΜΩ	1 GΩ	200 GΩ
Gate bias option	X	V	V
Parameter optimization	X	-	V
Full electrical sample shielding	X	V	V
Driven guarding (triaxial)	X	V	V
Purged sample space	X	/	/
Light-tight sample space	X		/





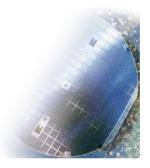
Ideal for characterizing and analyzing a wide range of electronic materials

Why it's optimized for low-mobility materials

Traditional DC field Hall effect measurement is relatively straightforward and reliable for simpler materials with higher mobilities. Measurement difficulty increases and accuracy decreases as carrier mobilities decrease. This is often the case in promising new semiconductor materials such as photovoltaics, thermoelectrics, and organics.

AC field techniques using advanced lock-in amplifiers and longer measurement windows can extract smaller Hall voltage signals and are commonly used today to explore low mobility materials. Extended measurement intervals can also add error from thermal drift effects and results take longer to get—sometimes many hours.

The FastHall technique eliminates both of these issues — it accurately measures even extremely low-mobility materials in seconds.



Materials

Solar cells

OPVs, a:Si, µc-Si, CdTe, CulnGaSe (CIGS)

Organic electronics

OTFTs, Pentacene, Chalcogenides, OLEDs

Transparent conducting oxides

InSnO (ITO), ZnO, GaZnO, InGaZnO (IGZO)

III-V semiconductors

InP, InSb, InAs, GaN, GaP, GaSb, AIN based devices, high electron mobility transistors (HEMTs) and heterojunction bipolar transistors

II-VI semiconductors

CdS, CdSe, ZnS, ZnSe, ZnTe, HgCdTe

Elemental semiconductors

Ge, Si on insulator devices (SOI), SiC, doped diamond, SiGe based devices: HBTs and FETs Dilute magnetic semiconductor

GaMnAs, MnZnO

Half -Heusler compounds

TiNiSn, ZrNiSn, GdPtBi

Topological semi-metals

TaAs, WTe2, MoTe2

Topological insulators

Bi₂Te₃, Bi₂Se₃, Sb₂Te₃

Transition-metal Di-chalcogeni

WS₂, WSe₂, MoS₂, HfS₂

Other 2D materials

(TMDC)

BN, graphene structures

Other conducting materials

Metal oxides Organic and inorganic conductors

High temperature superconduc

The Lake Shore factor: unparalleled application expertise and support

At Lake Shore, we understand your applications and measurement needs. This is because we have served the scientific community for more than 50 years and have provided high performance Hall measurement systems to researchers in academia, national labs, and industry.

Plus, we're there for you on every step of your journey, from choosing the best system to meet your unique requirements, to getting you started in your lab and helping with measurements. Our on-staff application scientists—published and active material researchers in their own right—provide an unparalleled level of application support. In addition to conducting application training, they work closely with you to help you and your staff better understand and interpret the results obtained by your Hall system, particularly when working with novel materials.

We can even work with you to customize your system's MeasureLINK™-MCS software for your specific research application requirements and for faster results.

In addition, our technical customer service represents are on-call to ensure that you are benefiting from the range of capabilities offered on our products, ready to provide real-time assistance and, if necessary, set up scenarios to isolate performance issues.

If you have any questions, we have the expertise to help you work toward a resolution. Together, we can transform the research of today into the technology of tomorrow.

Dr. Jeffrey Lindemuth, widely recognized as an expert in Hall measurement instrumentation and methods, is one of several application scientists on staff to aid you with FastHall Station measurements.







The FastHall Station offers the ultimate in Hall measurement system speed, convenience, and accuracy

Measurement applications

The FastHall Station is capable of running a wide array of Hall analysis functions including:

Hall voltage

- Resolution = 1 μV
- Noise = 0.1 μV (RMS), averaged over 1 power line cycle

Resistance/resistivity (four-contact in-line probe and van der Pauw)

- Calculated by instrument
- Resistance range: 10 mΩ to 1 GΩ

Magnetoresistance

 System provides field control to measure resistance as a function of magnetic field

Hall coefficient

- Calculated by instrument
- Derived from Hall voltage, magnetic field, and current

Hall mobility

- Calculated by instrument
- 10-2 to 106 cm²/V s

Anomalous Hall effect (AHE)

 System provides field control to measure Hall voltage as a function of magnetic field

Carrier type/concentration/density

- Sheet or volume carrier concentration calculated
- Typical sheet carrier density ≤10¹⁷ cm⁻² (carrier density depends on measurement parameters)

More science, less time

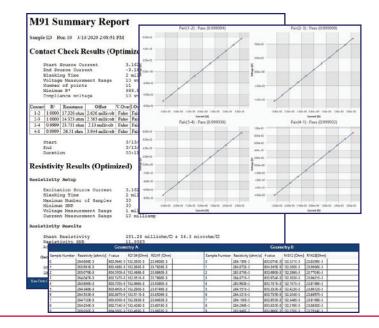
Owing to the M91 measurement controller included in the system, the FastHall Station is extremely fast, reducing analysis time in some cases by $100\times$ when compared with various other HMS solutions. Most commonly measured materials can be analyzed in a few seconds. Even extreme high resistance (up to 1 G Ω) or low mobility (~0.01 cm²/V s) samples can generally be analyzed in under 2 min. With other HMS techniques, this could take hours to complete.

The FastHall Station encourages rapid initial assessments of materials to determine if further study or greater accuracy is warranted. Spend less time waiting and more time doing real science.

Get all the data

Analysis of low mobility or high resistance materials faces challenges due to very low signal-to-noise ratios. Inaccurate measurements are likely unless sophisticated techniques and/or larger measurement samples are used. Also, with some HMS solutions, the researcher often has little chance to double check the intermediate results of the analysis, and can therefore be easily misled as to the validity of the reported results.

The FastHall Station collects all the data. In addition to performing the complete Hall analysis and outputting the usual measured and derived mobility values, the system can also generate detailed reports including all of the supporting intermediate data, so the researcher can readily confirm the integrity of the final results.







MeasureReady™ FastHall™ station

Specifications

Hall measurement

FastHall™ method (no physical field reversal) — van der Pauw samples Traditional DC method — Hall bar and van der Pauw samples

Derived parameters

Hall coefficient, Hall mobility, resistivity, carrier concentration

Maximum sample size

Solder card: 10 mm \times 10 mm \times 3 mm Pin card: 10 mm \times 10 mm \times 2 mm DC magnetic field intensities

Room temperature: With LN₂ option: 0.8 T

Resistance range 10 $m\Omega$ to 1 $G\Omega$

Resistivity

 $1\times 10^{\text{--}5}\,\Omega$ cm to $10^{\text{--}5}\,\Omega$ cm (typical)

Hall mobility range 0.01 to 106 cm²/V s

Carrier concentration

 $800/\text{cm}^3$ to $8 \times 10^{23}/\text{cm}^3$ (typical)

Measurement speed

<10 s (typical)

Programmable limits

I out: compliance voltage; V out: current limit

±5% of setting (when setting is >10% of its full-scale range) Positive output: ±5% of setting (when setting is >10% of its full-scale range) Negative output:

Programming resolution current limit: 0.1% of full-scale current range

(auto selected)

Programming resolution voltage limit: 10 mV

Instrument analog input

Analog input raw signal accuracy: ±300 mV of reading

Raw analog input voltage range: ±11 V Safe input voltage range: ±15 V Compliance voltage (typical): ≤10 V Current limit (typical): ≤0.1 A

Instrument analog output

Analog output raw signal accuracy: ±300 mV of setting

Raw analog output voltage range: ±11 V rails, ±15 V maximum during

overload

Instrument digital input

Number of independent inputs: Input isolation: **Optical** Maximum low-level input voltage: 1 V Minimum high-level input voltage: 4 V -5 V to 32 V Safe input voltage range:

Instrument digital output

Number of independent outputs: Relay type: Solid state

Digital output relay maximum current: 1.5 A Digital output relay maximum voltage:

Instrument rear panel test connectors

Sample connections: 6 individual 3-lug socket triaxial connectors

Analog input BNC Analog output BNC

10-pin Phoenix connector for digital output 10-pin Phoenix connector for digital input 2-pin Phoenix connector for signal return

Instrument front panel

5 in capacitive touch, color TFT-LCD WVGA Display:

(800 × 480) with LED backlight

Instrument interface

USB host

Type USB 3.0, mass storage class (MSC) device Function Firmware updates, flash drive support

Location Rear panel USB Type-C™ Connector

USB device

Туре USB 2.0

Emulates a standard RS-232 serial port Function Protocol Standard commands for programmable

instruments (SCPI)

Baud rate 921,600 Connector USB Type-B

Software support LabVIEW™ and IVI.NET drivers (see www.lakeshore.com)

Ethernet

TCP/IP command and control, mobile app Function

Application layer protocol Standard commands for programmable

instruments (SCPI)

Connector R.J-45 Speed

LabVIEW™ and IVI.NET drivers Software support

(see www.lakeshore.com)

General

Operating conditions: 23 °C ±5 °C at rated accuracy;

10 °C to 35 °C at reduced accuracy,

<70% RH non-condensing

Instrument warm-up time:

Instrument maximum field exposure: Operational limit <10 mT DC, 1 mT RMS; Guaranteed performance <2 mT RMS

Instrument power requirement: 100 V to 240 V (universal input),

50 to 60 Hz. 30 VA 35 W maximum

Instrument power consumption: Instrument size:

217 mm W \times 87 mm H \times 369 mm D

(8.5 in \times 3.4 in \times 14.5 in), half rack

Instrument weight: 3.2 kg Tabletop instrument with magnet and insert size:

254 mm W \times 330.2 mm H \times 457.2 mm D

 $(10 \text{ in} \times 13 \text{ in} \times 18 \text{ in})$

Tabletop instrument with magnet and insert weight: 9.1 ka

LN₂ option with magnet size: 140 mm W \times 235 mm H \times 209.6 mm D

 $(5.5 \text{ in} \times 9.25 \text{ in} \times 8.25 \text{ in})$

LN₂ option with magnet weight: 5.4 kg

> 217 mm W \times 87 mm H \times 369 mm D $(8.5 \text{ in} \times 3.4 \text{ in} \times 14.5 \text{ in})$, half rack

Gate bias option instrument weight:

Gate bias option instrument size:

Approval:

3.2 kg

CE mark









